

storage facilities under reasonably representative operating assumptions and the respective assignments of that capacity to the various firm services provided by the pipeline.

This annual report is publicly available, while other more specific interstate pipeline and storage capacity details are filed as Critical Energy Infrastructure Information, such as the Annual System Flow Diagram (FERC–567), which is not publicly available.

#### Index of Customers Under 284.13(c)

In Order 581, issued September 28, 1995 (Docket No. RM95–4–000), the Commission established the IOC quarterly information requirement. This order required the reporting of five data elements in the IOC filing: The customer name, the rate schedule under which service is rendered, the contract effective date, the contract termination date, and the maximum daily contract quantity, for either transportation or storage service, as appropriate.

In a notice issued separately from Order 581 in Docket No. RM95–4–000, issued February 29, 1996, the Commission, through technical conferences with industry, determined that the IOC data reported should be in tab delimited format on diskette and in a format prescribed in Appendix A of the rulemaking. In a departure from past practice, a three-digit code, instead of a six-digit code, was established to identify the respondent.

In Order 637, issued February 9, 2000 (Docket Nos. RM98–10–000 and RM98–12–000), the Commission required the filing of: The receipt and delivery points held under contract and the zones or segments in which the capacity is held, the common transaction point codes, the contract number, the shipper identification number, an indication of whether the contract includes negotiated rates, the names of any agents or asset managers that control capacity in a pipeline rate zone, and any affiliate relationship between the

pipeline and the holder of capacity. It was stated in the order that the changes to the Commission's reporting requirements would enhance the reliability of information about capacity availability and price that shippers need to make informed decisions in a competitive market as well as improve shippers' and the Commission's ability to monitor marketplace behavior to detect and remedy anti-competitive behavior. Order 637 required a pipeline to post the IOC data quarterly on its website instead of on the outdated EBBs.

*Types of Respondents:* Interstate pipelines subject to FERC regulation under the Natural Gas Act, and those entities defined as Hinshaw Pipelines under the Natural Gas Policy Act.

*Estimate of Annual Burden:* The Commission estimates the annual public reporting burden<sup>1</sup> for the information collection as shown in the following table:

FERC–54B9B (GAS PIPELINE RATES: CAPACITY REPORTS AND INDEX OF CUSTOMERS)

Types of responses	Average annual number of respondents	Average annual number of responses per respondent	Average annual total number of responses	Average burden & cost per response <sup>2</sup>	Total annual burden hours & total annual cost	Cost per respondent (\$)
A.	B	C	D (Col. B × Col. C)	E	F (Col. D × Col. E)	G (Col. E ÷ Col.)
Capacity Reports under 284.13(b) & 284.13(d)(1).	168	6	1,008	145 hrs.; \$83,664 .....	146,160 hrs.; \$12,131,280.	\$83,664
Index of Customers under 18 CFR 284.13(c).	168	4	672	3 hrs.; \$249 .....	2,016 hrs.; \$167,328	996
Peak Day Annual Capacity Report under 18 CFR 284.13(d)(2).	168	1	168	10 hrs.; \$830 .....	1,680 hrs.; \$139,440	830
Totals .....	.....	.....	1,848	.....	149,856 hrs.; \$12,433,048.	74,036

*Comments:* Comments are invited on: (1) Whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden and cost of the collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Dated: December 29, 2020.

**Nathaniel J. Davis, Sr.,**

*Deputy Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2020–29167 Filed 1–4–21; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6717–01–P**

## EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

### Sunshine Act Notice

**AGENCY:** Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

**TIME AND DATE:** Thursday, January 7, 2021, 1:00 p.m. Eastern Time.

**STATUS:** The meeting will be open to the public. Note: Because of the COVID–19 pandemic, the meeting will be held as

an audio-only conference. The public may listen to the audio-only conference by following the instructions that will be posted on [www.eeoc.gov](http://www.eeoc.gov) 24 hours before the meeting. Closed captioning services will be available. The following items will be considered at the meeting:

Final Rule Updating the Commission's Conciliation Procedures

Formal Opinion Letter Concerning Individual Coverage Health Reimbursement Arrangements Under the ADEA

Final Rule Amending the Commission's Official Time Regulation for the Federal Sector

*Note:* In accordance with the Sunshine Act, the public will be able to listen to the Commission's deliberations

<sup>1</sup> The Commission defines burden as the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. For

further explanation of what is included in the information collection burden, reference 5 CFR 1320.3.

<sup>2</sup> The current average cost for one FERC full-time equivalent (\$83.00 per hour for wages plus benefits) is used as a proxy for industry's hourly cost.

and voting. (In addition to publishing notices on EEOC Commission meetings in the **Federal Register**, the Commission also provides information about Commission meetings on its website, [www.eeoc.gov](http://www.eeoc.gov), and provides a recorded announcement a week in advance on future Commission meetings.)

Please telephone (202) 663-7100 (voice) or (202) 921-2750, or email [commissionmeetingcomments@eeoc.gov](mailto:commissionmeetingcomments@eeoc.gov) at any time for information on this meeting.

**CONTACT PERSON FOR MORE INFORMATION:** Rachel V. See, Acting Executive Officer, (202) 921-2545.

Dated: December 31, 2020.

**Rachel V. See,**

*Acting Executive Officer, Executive Secretariat.*

[FR Doc. 2020-29286 Filed 12-31-20; 4:15 pm]

**BILLING CODE 6570-01-P**

## FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

**RIN 3064-ZA22**

### Notice of Inflation Adjustments for Civil Money Penalties

**AGENCY:** Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

**ACTION:** Notice of Monetary Penalties 2021.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation is providing notice of its maximum civil money penalties as adjusted for inflation.

**DATES:** The adjusted maximum amounts of civil money penalties in this notice are applicable to penalties assessed after January 15, 2021, for conduct occurring on or after November 2, 2015.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Graham N. Rehrig, Senior Attorney, Legal Division, (202) 898-3829, [grehrig@fdic.gov](mailto:grehrig@fdic.gov); Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 550 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20429.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This notice announces changes to the maximum amount of each civil money penalty (CMP) within the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's (FDIC) jurisdiction to administer to account for inflation under the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (1990 Adjustment Act),<sup>1</sup> as amended by the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015 (2015 Adjustment Act).<sup>2</sup> Under the 1990 Adjustment Act, as amended, federal agencies must make annual adjustments to the maximum amount of each CMP the agency administers. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) is required to issue

guidance to federal agencies no later than December 15 of each year providing an inflation-adjustment multiplier (*i.e.*, the inflation-adjustment factor agencies must use) applicable to CMPs assessed in the following year.

Agencies are required to publish their CMPs, adjusted under the multiplier provided by the OMB, by January 15 of the applicable year. Agencies, like the FDIC, that have codified the statutory formula for making the CMP adjustments may make annual inflation adjustments by providing notice in the **Federal Register**.<sup>3</sup>

On December 23, 2020, the OMB issued guidance to affected agencies on implementing the required annual adjustment, which guidance included the relevant inflation multiplier.<sup>4</sup> The FDIC has applied that multiplier to the maximum CMPs allowable in 2020 for FDIC-supervised institutions to calculate the maximum amount of CMPs that may be assessed by the FDIC in 2021.<sup>5</sup> There were no new statutory CMPs administered by the FDIC during 2020.

The following charts provide the inflation-adjusted maximum CMP amounts for use after January 15, 2021—the effective date of the 2021 annual adjustments—under 12 CFR part 308, for conduct occurring on or after November 2, 2015:

### MAXIMUM CIVIL MONEY PENALTY AMOUNTS

U.S. code citation	Current maximum CMP (through January 14, 2021)	Adjusted maximum CMP <sup>6</sup> (beginning January 15, 2021)
12 U.S.C. 1464(v):		
Tier One CMP <sup>7</sup> .....	\$4,098	\$4,146
Tier Two CMP .....	40,979	2,048,915
Tier Three CMP <sup>8</sup> .....	41,463	2,073,133
12 U.S.C. 1467(d) .....	10,245	10,366
12 U.S.C. 1817(a):		
Tier One CMP <sup>9</sup> .....	4,098	4,146
Tier Two CMP .....	40,979	41,463
Tier Three CMP <sup>10</sup> .....	2,048,915	2,073,133
12 U.S.C. 1817(c):		
Tier One CMP .....	3,747	3,791
Tier Two CMP .....	37,458	37,901
Tier Three CMP <sup>11</sup> .....	1,872,957	1,895,095
12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(16):		
Tier One CMP .....	10,245	10,366
Tier Two CMP .....	51,222	51,827
Tier Three CMP <sup>12</sup> .....	2,048,915	2,073,133
12 U.S.C. 1818(i)(2): <sup>13</sup>		
Tier One CMP .....	10,245	10,366
Tier Two CMP .....	51,222	51,827
Tier Three CMP <sup>14</sup> .....	2,048,915	2,073,133

<sup>1</sup> Public Law 101-410, 104 Stat. 890, codified at 28 U.S.C. 2461 note.

<sup>2</sup> Public Law 114-74, 701(b), 129 Stat. 599, codified at 28 U.S.C. 2461 note.

<sup>3</sup> See Office of Mgmt. & Budget, Exec. Office of the President, OMB Memorandum No. M-21-10, *Implementation of Penalty Inflation Adjustments*

for 2021, Pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015 4 (2020), <https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/M-21-10.pdf> ("OMB Guidance"); see also 12 CFR 308.132(d) (FDIC regulation that guides readers to the **Federal Register** to see the annual notice of CMP inflation adjustments).

<sup>4</sup> See OMB Guidance at 1 (providing an inflation multiplier of 1.01182).

<sup>5</sup> Penalties assessed for violations occurring prior to November 2, 2015, will be subject to the maximum amounts set forth in the FDIC's regulations in effect prior to the enactment of the 2015 Adjustment Act.